(घ) सरकार कब तक नियंत्रित दर वाला कपड़ा उपलब्ध करा देने का विचार रखती है, यदि नहीं, तो उसके क्या कारण हैं?

वस्त्र मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री जी० वेंकट स्वामी): (क) से (घ) कार्यशील पूंजी की कमी के कारण एन टी सी द्वारा कपड़े के उत्पादन में गिरावट आई है। इसके अतिरिक्त इम्वादी कपड़े उत्पादन में भी गिरावट आई है। इम्वादी कपड़े का वितरण अन्यों के साथ-साथ राज्य परिसंघों के माध्यम से किया जाता है। फुटकर उचित दर की दुकानों की लाइसेंसिंग तथा उनसे संबंधित रिलीज, राज्य सरकारों द्वारा विनियमित होती है।

Gray Cloth Production in Uttar Pradesh

2832. SHRI JAGDISH PRASAD MATHUR: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether prior to the 1992 policy regarding the Janata cloth almost cent percent Gray cloth was produced in Uttar Pradesh by small scale weavers;

(b) if so, whether under the new policy the quota of Gray cloth production in Uttar Pradesh has been reduced by ninety percent that has hit the weavers hard in that State; and

(c) if so, why this reduction has been made and whether earlier position would be restored?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI G. VENKAT SWAMY): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) Does not arise.

National Institute of Fashion Technology in Hyderabad

2833. SHRI V. HANUMANTHA RAO: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether there was a proposal to set up a National Institute of Fashion Technology in Hyderabad.

(b) if so, details thereof;

(c) whether any facilities have been sought from the Andhra Pradesh Government; and

(d) if so, what facilities were offered by Andhra Pradesh Government?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI G. VENKAT SWAMY): (a) to (c) Yes Sir; there is a proposal under consideration to set up a National Institute of Fashion Technology in Hyderabad. The Government of Andhra Pradesh was requested to give their consent for making available the following facilities:—

(i) Rent-free accommodation of about 2000 sqm. for at least 2 years.

(ii) Land measuring 2 to 2.5 hectares free of cost for the permanent campus of NIFT.

(iii) To share one-third of Non-recurring cost and recurring cost.

(d) The Government of Andhra Pradesh have indicated their willingness to give rent free accommodation at Cheneta Bhawan for five years. They have not yet agreed to the other two conditions.

Cess on Sale Cotton Yarn

2834. SHRI PRAGADA KOTAIAH: SHRI H. HANUMANTHAPPA:

Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) the amount of cess collected on sale of cotton yarn during the last two years; and

(b) the purpose for which it is being utilised?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI G. VENKAT SWAMY): (a) Textiles Committee does not maintain separate

figures of cess collection from cotton yarn. However, the total cess collections and the cess collections from cotton textiles (fabrics and yarn) during the last two years are given below:

(Rs. Crores)

	Total Cess Collection	*Cess Collection from cotton fabrics and cotton yarn*
1992-93	15.7	6.5
1993-94	21.1	8.8

(b) As per the provisions of the Textiles Committee Act, 1963, as amended by Textiles Committee Amendment Act, 1973, the amount of cess, reduced by the cost of collection, is first credited to the Consolidated Fund of India. The Central Government, after due appropriation made by the Parliament by law, releases funds to the Textiles Committee out of such proceeds, for being utilised for the purposes of the Act.

Supply of Hank Yarn to Handlooms

3835. SHRI PRAGADA KOTAIAH: SHRI H. HANUMANTHAPPA:

Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) the quantities of cotton hank yarn supplied to handlooms by the mills of the Indian, Cotton, Mills Federation under the scheme announced in January, 1994;

(b) the quantity of cotton hank yarn supplied to handlooms under the subsidised yarn supply scheme announced by Government in April, 1994;

(c) the quantity of cotton hank yarn supplied by the selected private and cooperative spinning mills, to whom cotton was supplied by the Cotton Corporation of India; and

(d) the ex-mill and retail rates of cotton hank yarn as on January, 1994 and July, 1994?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI G. VENKAT SWAMY): (a) About 20.12 lakh kgs of cotton hank yarn has been supplied to handlooms under the scheme upto July, 1994.

(b) Under the scheme announced by Government of India in April 1994 about 50.33 lakh kgs of cotton hank yarn have been supplied to handlooms.

(c) The Cotton Corporation of India has so far procured 65,330 bales from Cotton Growers Marketing Federation for supply to 13 Cooperative Spinning Mills/State Textile Corporation for production of hank yarn. Out of this 30,000 bales have been lifted so far by various allottee mills.

(d) The ex-mill and retail rates of cotton hank yarn are not maintained by the Ministry. However, market prices of cotton hank yarn in January 1994 and July 1994 were as follows:—

(Rs./Kg.)

Counts	January 1994	July 1994
6s	—	57.27
10s	44.47	57.78
20s	62.00	76.42
30s	66.20	85.24
40s	73.68	94.15
60s Carded	92.70	113.74
60s Combed	122.90	131.78
80s Combed	153.25	162.24
Wtd. Average	70.51	83.05

Azam Jahi Mills at Warangal

2836. SHRI N. GIRI PRASAD: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Azam